

The INFO-TSP board includes a keypad combined with a parallel interface for activating an LCD display.
The operator keypad comprises 24 keys with integrated lamps. In addition, four 24 V inputs are available, for example for a key-operated switch, EMERGENCYOFF or dooropener.By means of four DIL switches, it is pos-
sible to configure the INFO-TSP as required, e.g. several keypad printed circuit boards with different LCD displays.
The INFO keypad pcb is integrated in the INFO-Link, i.e. as all INFO modules it is provided with the optical interface. The board addresses itself as three consecutive INFO-16p input-outputboards; therefore, no special firmware is required.


## Mode of Operation

The INFO keypadpcb comprises anoperator keypad, an LCD displayactivation device and configuration switches and inputs that canbe allocated as required.

The LCD displayis activated through an 8-bitbidirectional, parallelinterface with handshake lines ( 11 inputs, 11 outputs). The handshake and status signals can be configured by the user. Access to the interface is in the bus cycle clock rate (1ms).
The display is supplied by the on-board 5 V power supply (max. 100 mA ).

Four additional inputs, e.g. for key-operated switches, emergencyOFF key, door opener or similar items are available. Also available are four DIL switches, which can be used for configuration of the board.
The INFO-TSP board is connected by means of a fiberoptic line to the INFOMaster.
Theboardoccupies 3 consecutive input/ outputboards (INFO-16p) andtherefore does not require any special firmware.

## Mounting

The solderable lamps (L0 ... L23) are inserted in the plug-in places provided and are secured by soldering.
The light red holes are provided for the latch-on switch bases.
The printed circuit board is plugged onto the preassembled switches in the front panel. The individual switches are secured in place by means of a screwdriver (yellowhole).

## Connector Allocations

Connector ST 1
Header straight26p DIN 41651

| 1 |  | GND | I | D7 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{n}^{2}$ | I | D6 | I | D5 | 4 |
| 5 | I | D4 | I | D3 | 6 |
| 7 | I | D2 | I | D1 | 8 |
| 9 | I | D0 | I | Vin | 10 |
| 11 | I | Ackln | I | StrIn | 12 |
| 13 |  | $+5 V$ |  | GND | 14 |
| 15 | O | StrO | O | AckO | 16 |
| 17 | O | Vout | O | D0 | 18 |
| 19 | O | D1 | O | D2 | 20 |
| 21 | O | D3 | O | D4 | 22 |
| 23 | O | D5 | O | D6 | 24 |
| 25 | O | D7 |  | GND | 26 |

## Terminal

KL1


## Terminal

KL2

| 1 | I | $\ln 1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | I | $\operatorname{In} 2$ |
| 3 | I | $\ln 3$ |
| 4 | I | $\operatorname{In} 3$ |
| 5 | O | +24 V |
| 6 | O | +24 V |

Phoenix MC1,5

## Assembly



## Addressing (blue)

| S25 | Board | Input/output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | $0 \ldots 47$ |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| F | 15 | $960 \ldots 1007$ |

## Transmit power jumpers (green)

The jumpers influence the illumination intensity of the emitting LED and thereby the segment length of the fiberoptic cable to the next board.

Segmentlength
Jumper position

| $0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~m}$ | noju |
| ---: | :--- |
| $8 \ldots 30 \mathrm{~m}$ | $>10$ |
| $20 \ldots 50 \mathrm{~m}$ | $>30$ |

LEDs on receiver module
LED-red $=\quad+5 \mathrm{~V}$ powersupply
LED-yellow $=$ INFO-Link receiver signal OK

## Keys, lamps

The products used areSchlegel command devices of the Quartron series with a grid dimension of $25 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ or equivalent products. The following individual components are required for a complete, operational key:

- Short-stroke pushbutton, type QXD,
- Contact maker, type GTPS
- Lamp cap, type T25F KL
- Lamp socket, type LP5
- Incandescent lamps, $18 \ldots 36 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{max} .100 \mathrm{~mA}$; e.g. type T5,5K 24V,50mA


## Specifications

## Power supply

+ 18 ... 36V, 180mA max, plus lamp power


## Climatic conditions

- Ambienttemperature:

| Storage: | $-20 \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Operation: | $0 \ldots+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

- Boardtemperature:

Operation:
$0 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

- Relative air humidity no condensation:

95\%

## I/O allocation

The INFO-TSP board occupies three consecutive I/O boards. The basic address canbe set bymeans of the rotary switch in steps of 4 . Address 0 means board 0..3, address 1 means 4..7, etc.

Forthe inputs and outputs, the following allocations apply:

| Board 0: | In $0 . .15$ | S $0 . .15$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Out $0 . .15$ | L0..15 |
| Board 1: | In 16.. 23 | S 16.. 23 |
|  | In $24 . .27$ | DIL-Switch |
|  | In 28.. 31 | Ext. Inp 0.. 3 |
|  | Out 16.. 23 | L 16.. 23 |
| Board 2: | In 32.. 39 | Din $0 . .7$ |
|  | Out $32 . .39$ | Dout0.. 7 |
|  | In 40 | VIn |
|  | Out 40 | VOut |
|  | In 41 | Ackln |
|  | Out 41 | AckOut |
|  | In 42 | StrIn |
|  | Out 42 | StrOut |

## Inputs

- 4 additionalinputsP-channel
- $24 \mathrm{~V} / 5 \mathrm{~mA}$
- Switching threshold: 10 V


## Parallel interface

- 5V,TTL

[^0]
## Connections

## Connection Example

## Board power supply

For the board power supply, a 3-phase rectifier without electrolytic capacitor will suffice. But in order to prevent interference, an electrolytic capacitor of $4,700 \ldots 10,000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ is recommended. The 24 V power supply must pass through a line filter.

## Shielded lines

The additional inputs on terminal 2 do not require any shielding. They are provided for functions inside the control cabinet.

## Grounding

The 0 V pin of the supply voltage (terminal 1 pin 4) must be grounded just next to the keypad pcb with a max. 3cmlong ground conductor.

See also INDEL Wiring Guidelines and INDELDesign Guidelines .


## Interfaces

## Inputs



## Parallel interface



## Wiring

## Inputs

Wiring of the additional inputs.
The supplyvoltage, e.g. fornon-contacting limit switches, varies with the board power supply between $+18 \ldots 36 \mathrm{~V}$.

## Parallel interface

Wiring of the parallel interface.


[^0]:    Customized modifications are available as needed.

